FIRST

Financial Information, Resources, Services, and Tools



Repayment Strategies for Graduating Students

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Disclaimer: All information and estimates are based on AAMC interpretation of federal regulations as of January 2025 and are subject to change. Calculations shown are estimates only. Students should contact their servicer(s) to discuss exact loan balances and repayment options.

Congratulations!



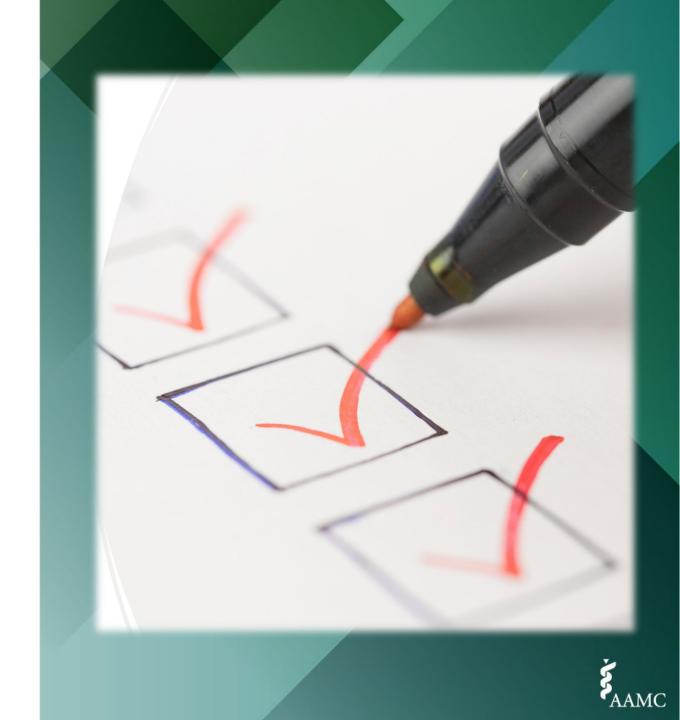


Frequently Asked Questions

- Will I be able to repay my loans?
- How can I select the right payment plan for me?
- Should I apply for Public Service Loan Forgiveness (PSLF)?
- Is consolidation or refinancing the best option for me?
- What is going on with the student loan program?!?!

Agenda for Our Session

- Timeline for Repayment
- Where to Find Your Loans
- Preparing for Loan Repayment
- Repayment Plans
- Repayment Scenarios
- Budgeting in Your Payment
- Additional Resources





Timeline for Repayment



Timeline for Graduating Students

Now – What type of loans do you have? Are they federal loans or non-federal loans?

Before Graduation –
Do you have
undergrad loans with
a grace period? When
do payments start?

Upon Graduation – Do you need to or want to consolidate?

Beginning a job? Are you pursuing PSLF? Submit all necessary forms immediately.

90 Days Before Grace
Ends – Which repayment
plan is best for you?
Explore all options
available to you.

90 Days Before First
Repayment Year Ends –
Recertify income annually
and re-evaluate which
plan is best for you.

When To Make Your First Payment

Subsidized (6 months)

Unsubsidized (6 months)

Grace Period

PLUS (6 months)

Post-enrollment Deferment Period

Perkins (9 months)



Subsidized

Government pays the interest while the student is enrolled at least half-time in school, in grace, during deferment, and during certain periods of time with some of the Income-Driven Repayment plans.

Subsidized Loan Examples

Direct Subsidized Loans

Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)

Primary Care Loans (PCL)

Perkins

Unsubsidized

Borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues on the loan from the time the loan is disbursed until the loan is paid in full.

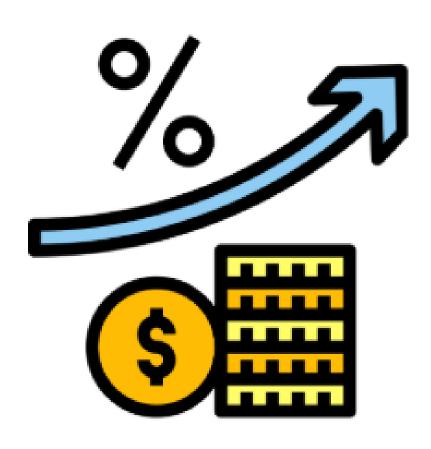
Unsubsidized Loan Examples

Direct Unsubsidized Loans

Direct Grad PLUS Loans

Private or Alternative Loans

Interest Capitalization Occurs when...



- A deferment period ends
 - Grad Plus
- When you leave IBR, no longer qualify for IBR or fail to recertify your income on the IBR plan

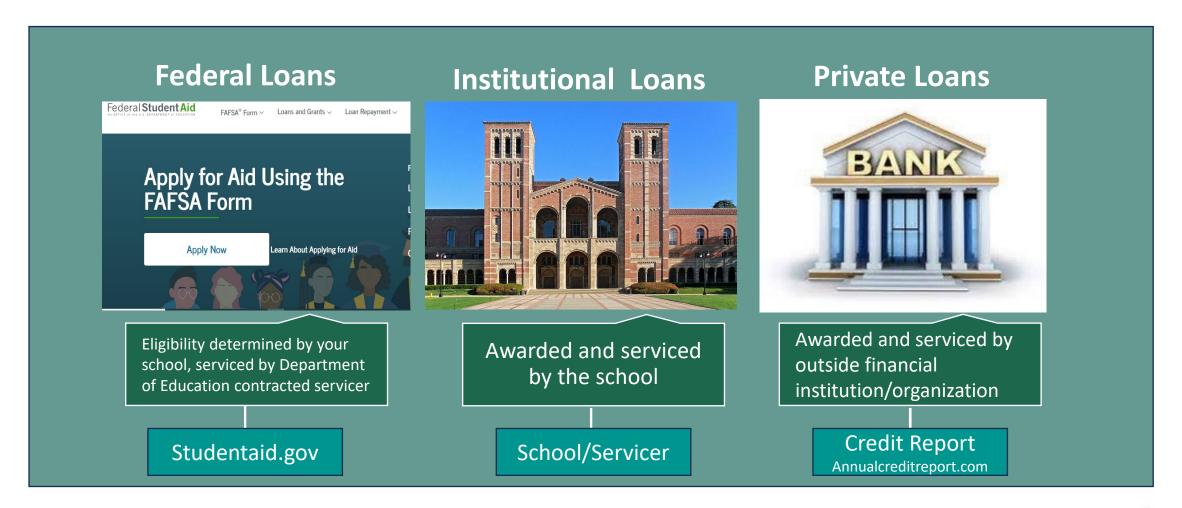
This means unpaid interest is added to the principal balance. The interest then accrues on the new, higher principal balance.



Where to Find Your Loans



What Loans Do You Have?





Identifying Your Servicer

The following are loan servicers for loans that the U.S Department of Education (ED) owns. To find out who your loan servicer is,

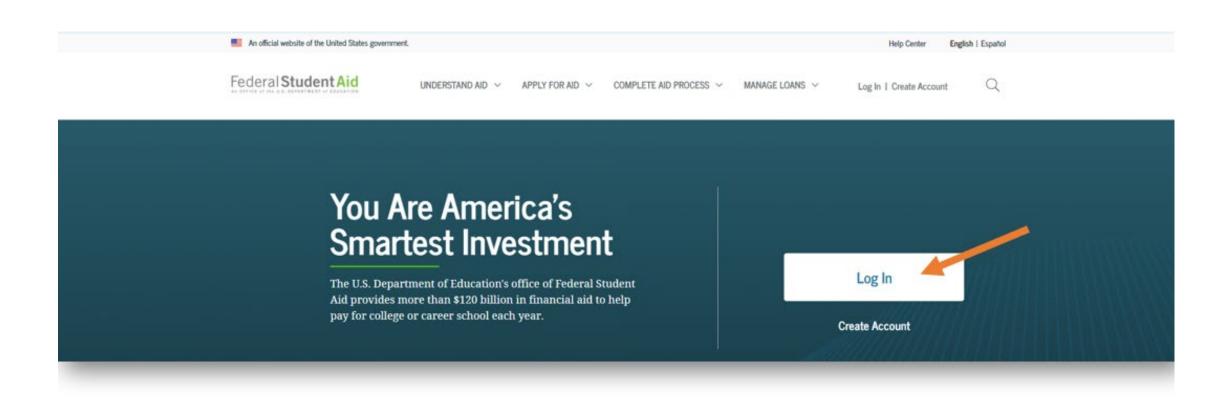
- visit your account dashboard and scroll down to the "My Loan Servicers" section, or
- call the Federal Student Aid Information Center (FSAIC) at 1-800-433-3243.

Loan Servicer	Contact
Edfinancial 🗹	<u>1-855-337-6884</u>
MOHELA 🗹	<u>1-888-866-4352</u>
Aidvantage 🗹	<u>1-800-722-1300</u>
Nelnet 🗹	<u>1-888-486-4722</u>
ECSI 🔁	<u>1-866-313-3797</u>
Default Resolution Group 🗹	1-800-621-3115 (TTY: 1-877-825-9923 for the deaf or hard of hearing)
CRI ☑	<u>1-833-355-4311</u>

Loan Servicers

(Federal Student Loans)





studentaid.gov

Find your federal student loan information.





UNDERSTAND AID Y

APPLY FOR AID Y

COMPLETE AID PROCESS ~

MANAGE LOANS V

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View My Account

Q

Manage Loans

Navigate the student loan repayment process with confidence: make payments, change repayment plans, explore options, and get help.

Understanding Student Loan Repayment

Learn about federal student loan repayment based on where you are in the process.



I'm Starting School or In School



I'm About to Graduate or Leave College



I Just Graduated or Left School



Show all



Fixed Interest Rates for Graduate Level Loans

Unsubsidized Loan

2021-2022 - 5.28%

2022-2023 - 6.54%

2023-2024 - 7.05%

2024-2025 - 8.08%

PLUS Loan

2021-2022 - 6.28%

2022-2023 - 7.54%

2023-2024 - 8.05%

2024-2025 - 9.08%





Preparing for Loan Repayment (Next Steps)



Steps to Prepare for Repayment



- ✓ Update your contact information
- ✓ Understand your timeline for repayment
- ✓ Explore income-driven IDR payment plans
 - ✓ Use a repayment calculator like the loan simulator at studentaid.gov
- ✓ Estimate your monthly payment amount
- ✓ Enroll in autopay interest deduction .25%

https://studentaid.gov/manageloans/repayment/prepare-payments-restart



Entering Repayment

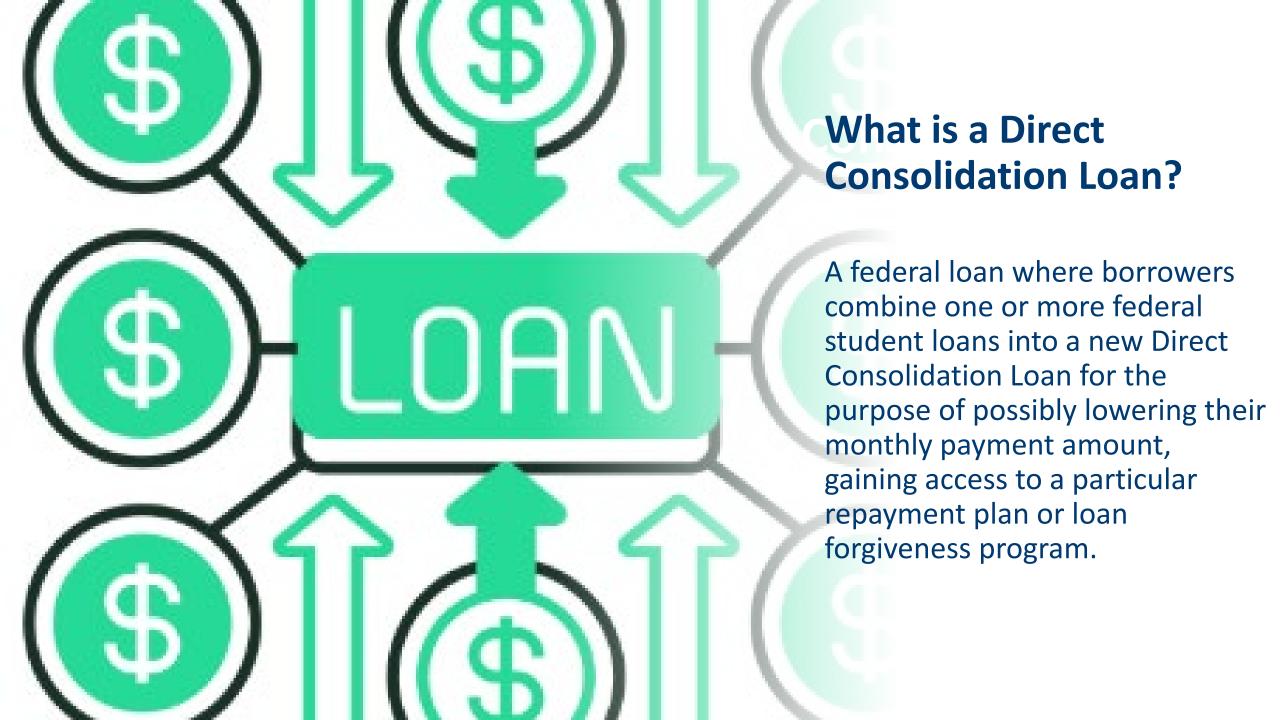
- Monthly minimum payment is due
- Interest still accrues on loans
- Must choose payment plan before end of grace period
- If an income-driven plan is chosen, must recertify income every 12 months.
- Payments are made to your loan servicing company



Consolidating vs. Refinancing







Reasons to Consolidate

Do you have multiple servicers?

Do you want to enroll in an IDR plan and start repayment before your 6month grace period is over?

Do you have loans that aren't currently eligible for IDR Plans? or Public Service Loan Forgiveness?





Should You Refinance?

If you have good credit, you may be able to refinance your existing federal student loans into a private loan.

Before doing that, it's important to understand the full impact of making this permanent change to your loans.

What to Consider Before Refinancing

Ask Yourself These Questions:

- Will this new private loan have a variable interest rate?
- Will you be working in public service? (This may include work during residency or a fellowship or while you are employed at an academic institution)
- Will the payments be affordable and/or is postponing payments an option during residency?
- Are you comfortable with assuming more risk in your financial life?

And Always Remember:

- Federal loans will give you the ability to benefit from flexible terms and conditions, including access to income-driven repayment plans and possible loan forgiveness, potential interest subsidies, limits to monthly payment amounts, the availability of a death and disability discharge, and possible student loan tax deductions.
- Be sure the benefit received in a refinance is enough to offset the potential risk.





















aamc.org/first/programs



Repayment Plans



SAVE Court Activity & Current Status

- June 2024 injunction stands preventing the Department of Education from implementing parts of the Saving on a Valuable Education (SAVE) Plan and other IDR plans.
- Two Lawsuits:
 - Alaska v. Dept. of Ed.
 - Missouri v. Biden
- Supreme Court has upheld existing pause on parts of the SAVE and other IDR plans; did not narrow scope of injunction.
- Pair of cases will continue to move through the Appeals Court process.
 - 8th Circuit Court heard October 24th oral arguments on Missouri-led challenge.
 - No ruling has been made as of today.



Most Recent Update – March 2025

As of March 26, 2025 the IDR and consolidation applications became available on studentaid.gov again and borrowers may apply for the following IDR plans:

- Pay As You Earn (PAYE)
- Income-Based Repayment (IBR)
- Income-Contingent Repayment (ICR)



Department of Education Resources

Borrowers encouraged to review Department of Education and servicer communications/announcements for the latest information.



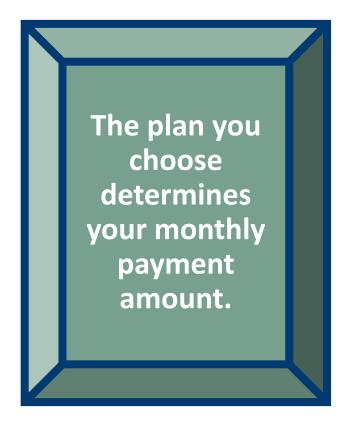
The online income-driven repayment (IDR) plan and loan consolidation applications are available. Stay up-to-date on court actions affecting IDR plans.

https://studentaid.gov/announcements-events/idr-court-actions



Repayment Scenarios





Traditional Repayment Plans					
Standard (payments do not change)	Up to 10 years				
Extended (payments fixed or gradually increase)	Up to 25 years				
Graduated (payments start smaller and then increase)	Up to 10 years				
Income-Driven Repayment Plans					
Income-Based Repayment (IBR)* 10%-15% of discretionary income	Up to 20 years				

Up to 20 years

Up to 25 years

Pay As You Earn (PAYE) 10% of

discretionary income

Income-Contingent

discretionary income

Repayment (ICR) 20% of



			ICR (Income Contingent Repayment)	IBR (Income Based Repayment)	PAYE (Pay As You Earn)	SAVE (Saving on A Valuable Education)		
Inco		Important Notes:	Available to new enrollees 12/16/24 – 7/1/27*	Loans borrowed prior to July 1, 2014, payment is 15% of discretionary income	Plan is available to new enrollees 12/16/24 – 7/1/27*	No longer an option on the IDR application as of 3.26.2025*		
	Comparing Income-	Payment Calculation	20% of discretionary income	10% of discretionary income (for loans borrowed on or after July 1, 2014. Payment is capped at Standard amount	10% of discretionary income Payment is capped at Standard amount	5%-10% of discretionary income (depending on loan level type – ugrad vs. grad)		
	riven Plans	Repayment Term	Up to 25 years	Up to 20 years	Up to 20 years	Up to 25 years		
		Income Requirement	No	Yes, must show a Partial Financial Hardship (PFH)	Yes, must show a Partial Financial Hardship (PFH)	No		
		Interest Subsidy	No	Interest subsidy on subsidized loans only for the first 3 years.	Interest subsidy on subsidized loans only for the first 3 years.	Subsidy is applied on any accrued interest not covered by your monthly payment.		
		PSLF Eligible	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
		Interest Capitalization	No	Yes, if you no longer have a PFH, fail to recertify your income or leave the IBR plan.	No	No		
		Spousal Income	For all IDR plans, if you are married and file a joint tax return, your spouse's income is included in the payment calculation. If you are married and file separate tax returns, your spouse's income is not included in the payment calculation.					
		*Availability of these plans subject to change. This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge as of the date of this live presentation.						

^{*}Availability of these plans subject to change. This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge as of the date of this live presentation.

Loan Repayment

Example 1:

- Federal Student Loan Debt: \$65,000
- Yearly Salary: \$70,000

- Options to Repay:
 - Traditional Repayment Plans
 - Income-Driven Repayment Plans





Traditional Repayment Plans

Standard Repayment Plan

This plan allows you to pay the entirety of your loan via fixed payments (at a minimum of \$50) over your loan term (10 years for most loans, but it is usually longer for consolidation loans).

MONTHLY PAYMENT TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$739

\$88,687

PAY OFF DATE

March 2035

ESTIMATED PSLF AMOUNT

\$0

VIEW FULL PLAN

Graduated Repayment Plan

Payments start low and gradually increase every two years. You will repay your loans over 10 years (for most loans, but it is usually longer for consolidation loans).

MONTHLY PAYMENT

\$425 - 1,275

LAST

ST

PAY OFF DATE

March 2035

TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$95,153

ESTIMATED PSLF AMOUNT

\$0

Extended Fixed Repayment Plan

This plan allows you to pay a fixed monthly payment over an extended period of 25 years.

MONTHLY PAYMENT

\$132.031

TOTAL TO BE PAID

PAY OFF DATE

\$440

March 2050

ESTIMATED PSLF AMOUNT

\$0

VIEW FULL PLAN

VIEW FULL PLAN



Income-Driven Repayment Plans

Federal Student Aid

Currently the loan simulator on studentaid.gov will only show you the IBR option. However, when you apply, you will also have the options of:

- Pay as you earn (PAYE)
- **Income-contingent (ICR)**

Income-Based Repayment (IBR) Plan

Your monthly payments are limited to 10% of your discretionary income, depending on when you received your first loans.

MONTHLY PAYMENT

TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$395

\$119,621

PAY OFF DATE

FORGIVENESS AMOUNT

December

\$0

2043

VIEW FULL PLAN



Traditional Repayment Plans

Example 2:

Federal Student Loan Debt: \$65,000

Yearly Salary: \$100,000

Standard Repayment Plan

This plan allows you to pay the entirety of your loan via fixed payments (at a minimum of \$50) over your loan term (10 years for most loans, but it is usually longer for consolidation loans).

MONTHLY PAYMENT TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$739 \$88.687

PAY OFF DATE FORGIVENESS AMOUNT

March 2035 \$0

Graduated Repayment Plan

Payments start low and gradually increase every two years. You will repay your loans over 10 years (for most loans, but it is usually longer for consolidation loans).

MONTHLY PAYMENT TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$425 - 1,275 \$95,153

IRST LAS

PAY OFF DATE FORGIVENESS AMOUNT

March 2035 \$0

Extended Fixed Repayment Plan

This plan allows you to pay a fixed monthly payment over an extended period of 25 years.

MONTHLY PAYMENT TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$440 \$132,031

PAY OFF DATE FORGIVENESS AMOUNT

March 2050 \$0

VIEW FULL PLAN

VIEW FULL PLAN

VIEW FULL PLAN



Income-Driven Plans

To qualify for the IBR plan, you must have a partial financial hardship (PFH) which means the payment calculated on this plan (based on your income) must be less than the Standard Payment Plan amount.

Income-Based Repayment (IBR) Plan

Your monthly payments are limited to 10% of your discretionary income, depending on when you received your first loans.

MONTHLY PAYMENT TOTAL TO BE PAID

\$645 \$91,037

PAY OFF DATE FORGIVENESS AMOUNT

November \$0

2035

VIEW FULL PLAN



Additional Information

Income-Driven Repayment Plans are based on your last years tax information, if you have filed taxes.

If you do not have a tax-return on file, then the plan will be based on your current income at the time you apply.

Once you are enrolled on an IDR plan, you must recertify your income each year so that your payment is recalculated based on your most recent tax return.

If you are married and file taxes jointly with your spouse, both incomes are included in the calculation.



Budgeting in Your Loan Payment



Fall 2023	August		September		October		November		December		Total Spend		Average Spend	
Food	\$	300	\$	400	\$	350	\$	375	\$	200	\$	1,625	\$	325
Travel	\$	75	\$	100	\$	125	\$	100	\$	300	\$	700	\$	140
Toiletries	\$	50	\$	50	\$	75	\$	50	\$	50	\$	275	\$	55
Entertainment	\$	50	\$	100	\$	50	\$	250	\$	50	\$	500	\$	100
Study Materials	\$	200	\$	50	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250	\$	50
Total	\$	675	\$	700	\$	600	\$	775	\$	600	\$	3,350	\$	670
Spring 2024	Jan	uary	Febr	uary	Ma	rch	April		May	,				
Food	\$	275	\$	325	\$	300	\$	300	\$	325	\$	1,525	\$	305
Travel	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50	\$	75	\$	50	\$	450	\$	90
Toiletries	\$	30	\$	50	\$	50	\$	65	\$	50	\$	245	\$	49
Entertainment	\$	50	\$	75	\$	75	\$	150	\$	50	\$	400	\$	80
Study Materials	\$	100	\$	-	\$	25	\$	-	\$	50	\$	175	\$	35
Total	\$	655	\$	525	\$	500	Ś	590	\$	525	\$	2,795	\$	559

Put a Monthly Budget In Writing

- Review bank or credit card statements often
- Keep accurate financial records
- Know your spending limits



Life Events Will Affect Your Plan

Making a plan is just the first step. You then need to update it as your life changes.

- Changes in income.
- Change to your investment risk-tolerance as you approach retirement.
- Change to marital status.
- Changes to the number of dependents.
- Set new goals once you've achieved previous goals.





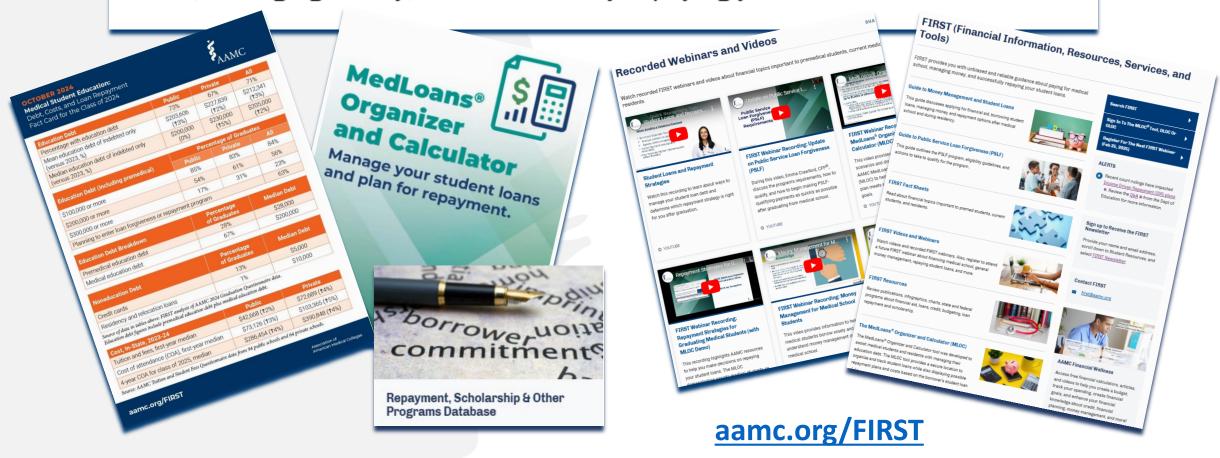


Additional Resources for You



<u>Financial Information, Resources, Services & Tools</u>

FIRST provides you with unbiased and reliable guidance about paying for medical school, managing money, and successfully repaying your student loans.



Guide to Money Management and Student Loans

Checklist

Preparing for Graduation



This guide discusses applying for financial aid, borrowing student loans, managing money, and repayment options after medical school and during residency.

Home / Guide to Money Management and Student Loans / Graduating Medical School / Graduating Medical School Checklist **Graduating Medical School Checklist ESTIMATED READ TIME: 1 MINUTE** SHARE: in X f Search **Getting Ready for Graduation** Use this checklist as you prepare to graduate from medical school Search Publication **Guide to Money** · Find your federal loan information. **Management and Student** · Check your credit report. Loans Complete required federal "Exit Counseling" on the Federal Student Aid (FSA) website and any other school requirements for graduating students. **Entering Medical School** Evaluate postponement and repayment options. Continuing Your Medical Determine your loan repayment goals. Education • Create a loan repayment strategy based upon your financial goals. Develop a residency budget based on your PGY-1 stipend. **Graduating Medical School** Use the AAMC Financial Wellness program to learn about insurance, saving and investing, taxes, etc. **Graduating Medical School** • Determine if a Direct Consolidation Loan is right for you.

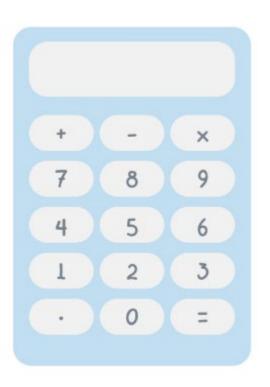
Explore loan forgiveness and loan repayment assistance programs.

Set up a meeting with financial aid to discuss any questions or concerns you may have about loan repayment.

Dental Loan Organizer and Calculator (DLOC)



Student Loan
Calculator
specifically
designed for
Dental Students
and Residents



https://www.aamc.org/services/first-for-financial-aid-officers/dental-loan-organizer

Student Loan Simulator for Federal Student Loans







https://studentaid.gov/loan-simulator/

Financial Wellness at FIRST



Financial Wellness for Medical School and Beyond

AAMC Financial Wellness

Access free financial calculators, articles, and videos to help you create a budget, track your spending, create financial goals, and enhance your financial knowledge about credit, financial planning, money management, and more!

Start building your financial future today at: aamc.org/financialwellness



The AAMC's FIRST program provides financial information, resources, services and tools for students and residents.

Contact us: first@aamc.org



Please share your feedback!

