Introduction to Medical Student Research

Matthew Layne Assistant Dean for Research

September 26, 2023

Plan for our discussion

- Introductions
- Self-reflection
- Organization of the research program
- Overview of opportunities (focus on this year)
- How to find a mentor
- Upcoming meetings
- Questions

Introductions

- Appointed Assistant Dean for Research summer 2021
- Faculty member in Biochemistry & Cell Biology since 2007
- Previously Assistant Professor Harvard Medical School (Pulmonary and Cardiovascular divisions—BWH DOM)
- Our lab is interested in the mechanisms of organ fibrosis.

Current research projects adipose tissue remodeling in obesity, vascular remodeling & fibrosis, and a project on the genetic causes of Ehlers Danlos syndrome related to extracellular matrix assembly

Medical Student Research Program Organization

- → Overall goal is to facilitate high-quality research experiences for medical students
- Oversight: Dean Antman, Deans: Medical Education, Research, Student Affairs, Finance
- Program Steering Committee: program directors, faculty, registrar, students
 Student representatives:

Sherry Ershadi (M3), Amos Mwaura (M2), Mason McDowell (M2), Rose Zhao (MD-PhD)

Committee sets policies for the research program, evaluates outcomes, and reviews applications

Start off with a bit of self-reflection

- Do you want to include research in your medical education?
 - definitely lean to yes probably not
 - no
 - unsure
- If interested in research, what types of projects are you interested in a
 - Clinical/Translational Mechanisms of disease/basic science Public health other
 - unsure

Motivations to participate in research?

- What are your goals?
- What are your expectations?
- What is the time commitment?
- What are the expected deliverables?
- What about authorship?
- How important is the mentor relationship?

Where to find information? Medical Student Research Webpage https://www.bumc.bu.edu/medstudentresearch/

- Research Opportunities
- Research News
- Resources for identifying mentors
- Applying for opportunities

Research Hub—Student Affairs Friday Digest



Research opportunities

https://www.bumc.bu.edu/medstudentresearch/

Medical Student Research Opportunities @ BU Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine



Medical Student Summer Research Program

Work full-time on mentored research projects during the summer between the first and second year of medical school



Longitudinal Research Program

Intensive mentored research projects that span your time as a BU medical student



Research Year

Opportunity to undertake a full year of research as part of your medical education



3rd & 4th Year Electives

Short research experiences during the 3rd and 4th year curriculum



Learn More

Medical Student Summer Research Program (MSSRP)

- There will be a separate meeting on the LEADS research track and MSSRP this fall....
- Overview—full time in person research next summer with BU/BMC faculty Stipend \$4000
 - Workshops: Responsible Conduct of Research, IRB, presentation skills, faculty panels
- Applications due early February 2024

Applications submitted through portal: https://wwwapp.bumc.bu.edu/MSRO/

- Name, email, ORCID#
- Mentor name, details
- Project title, purpose, hypothesis or research question, methods of data collection, statistical analysis, anticipated results
- Application routed to mentor for additional information
- Routed to our committee for review

LEADS—Research track

- Know you want to dedicate a significant amount of time & commit to a research project over the next 2 years
- Identify a mentor this fall
- Current plan is for applications to be due November 2023

Applications are submitted through portal (same application as MSSRP) https://wwwapp.bumc.bu.edu/MSRO/

- Name, email, ORCID#
- Mentor name
- Project title, purpose, hypothesis or research question, methods of data collection, statistical analysis, anticipated results
- Includes participating in MSSRP (stipend \$4000)
- Expectation 10-12 hours/week research outside of LEADS weeks



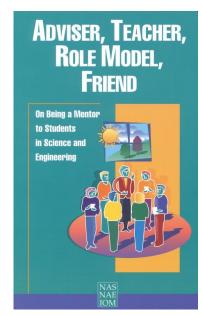
 \rightarrow Next, how to find a mentor

What is a mentor? Attributes of a great mentor

- Accomplished researcher with sufficient resources
- Oversees research and trainee development toward independence
- Practical knowledge and commitment to trainee's well-being
- Frequent interactions, sets expectations for the team
- Shares knowledge and skills, oversees the trainee's research, assists trainee to connect with other researchers and often experienced with career counseling.
- \rightarrow The best mentors often put the needs of the trainee above their own

There are also advisors & role models

- We all need many mentors, at different career stages
- Advisors may be focused on the well-being of the advisee. And at times no personal interest in the research or involved in the problems



https://nap.nationalacademies.org/catalog/5789/adviserteacher-role-model-friend-on-being-a-mentor-to Defining your own needs in a mentor What are your short- and longer-term goals?

- Continuum of involvement: day to day \rightarrow weekly \rightarrow monthly \rightarrow rarely
- Do you need help in skill building or do you just need space and resources?
- Personality of mentors can vary greatly

Examples great mentoring experiences

Examples not so great mentoring experiences

Why do you want to do research?

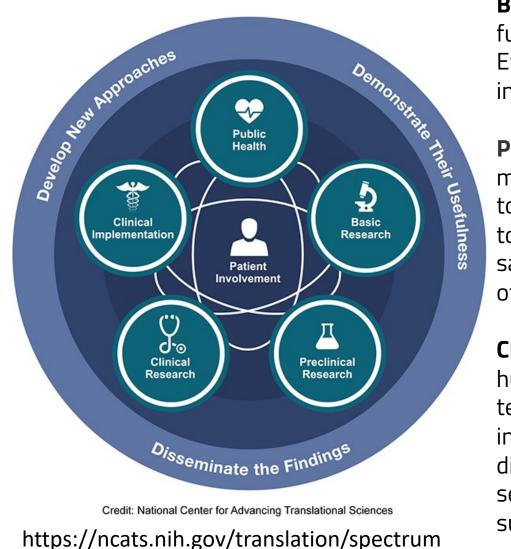
POTENTIAL MOTIVATIONS

- Curiosity
- Want to identify the cause of disease
- Want to determine how to cure disease
- Believe research is necessary to achieve next set of goals (residency/career satisfaction)
- Other

RESEARCH

- systematic process of applying the scientific method to discover something new
 - \rightarrow want to find a problem or project that you are passionate about....

Research flavors

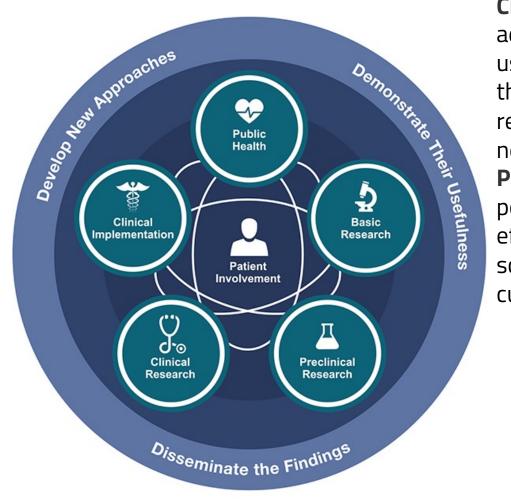


Basic research involves scientific exploration that can reveal fundamental mechanisms of biology, disease or behavior. Every stage of the **translational research** spectrum builds upon and informs basic research.

Preclinical Research connects the basic science of disease with human medicine. During this stage, scientists develop model interventions to further understand the basis of a disease or disorder and find ways to treat it. Testing is carried out using cell or animal models of disease; samples of human or animal tissues; or computer-assisted simulations of drug, device or diagnostic interactions within living systems.

Clinical research includes studies to better understand a disease in humans and relate this knowledge to findings in cell or animal models; testing and refinement of new technologies in people; testing of interventions for safety and effectiveness in those with or without disease; behavioral and observational studies; and outcomes and health services research. The goal of many clinical trials is to obtain data to support regulatory approval for an intervention.

Research flavors



Clinical Implementation stage of translation involves the adoption of interventions that have been demonstrated to be useful in a research environment into routine clinical care for the general population. This stage also includes implementation research to evaluate the results of clinical trials and to identify new clinical questions and gaps in care. **Public Health**, researchers study health outcomes at the population level to determine the effects of diseases and efforts to prevent, diagnose and treat them. Findings help guide scientists working to assess the effects of current interventions and to develop new ones.

Credit: National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences

https://ncats.nih.gov/translation/spectrum

Triangles of responsibility

TRAINEE







- Point is you should not design a project and try to find a mentor to supervise that project
- Join an established team, develop skills, and then new ideas and projects will develop (in the theme and expertise of the group)

Using BU profiles to find/vet mentors

https://profiles.bu.edu/search/

• Where to start?

 \rightarrow Name, department, topic, other?

• Want to determine:

current projects mentoring experience publications funding

other

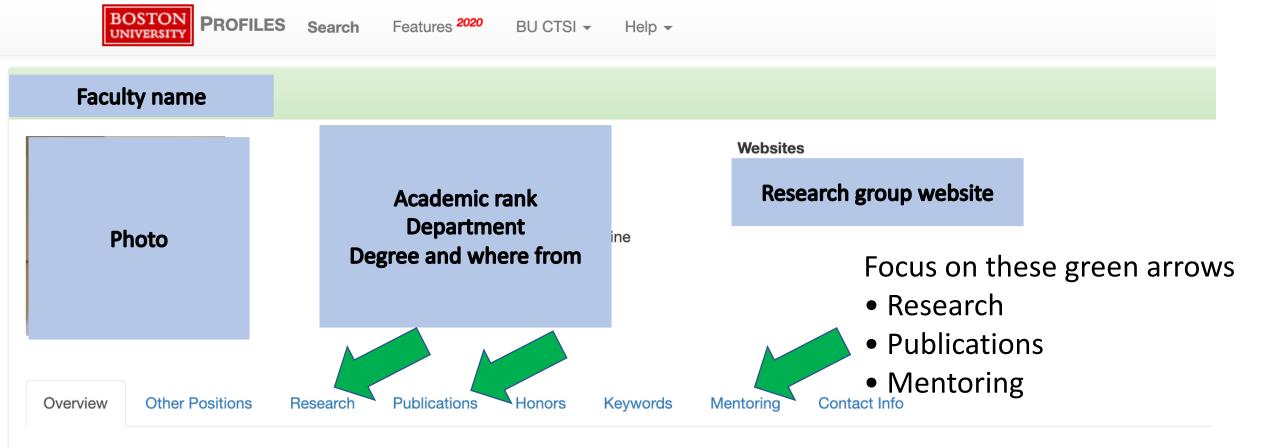
• Research group web pages \rightarrow what is the research team structure

2 parts to this equation1. Personal2. Practical

Self-directed mentor search with BU profiles

Keywords	Key words here, what are you interested in?			□ Search
Search				
ind people by name	e/organization			
ast Name				
First Name				
nstitution	ls	~		
Department	ls	~	Don't limit yourself	
Division	ls	~		
Faculty Type	~	Re sure '	to select Assistant, Assoc, Prof f	aculty (eliminates students and othe

→See how many this returns. If the number is large, add more key words, if few returned delete key words

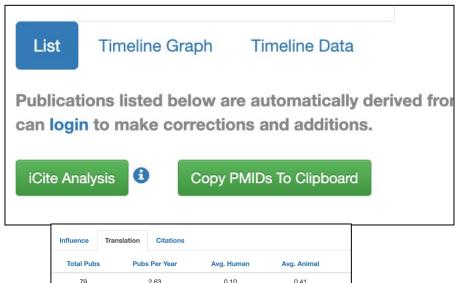


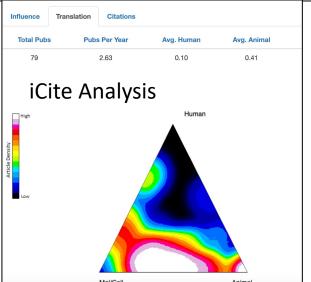
Research description (note some may not be up to date)



• Research tab gives current and past research funding information. Name of project and dates

- \rightarrow Click this to read the abstract of the project and goals
- ightarrow Funding is essential for research
- Publications tab- tells you what type of research the group does.
 - → Recent publications? In well-respected journals? Is the research contributing to the field?
 - ightarrow Is the potential mentor listed last on these papers (senior author)?
 - ightarrow Click timeline graph to see the recent work and history
 - → Click the iCite Analysis, then Influence and translation Determine the type of work they do (human, Animal, Basic)





Let's run through an example

https://profiles.bu.edu/search/

NIH reporter

- What are the project Aims?
- What are the broad objectives of the research
- Good idea to read before meeting with faculty

https://reporter.nih.gov/

THE LETTERS

- F are trainees (F31, F32)
- T are for trainees (T32)
- K are career development (K01, K08, K23, K99) → trainees/junior faculty
- R are independent research (R01, R03, R21)
- P are big projects

Posted projects

Current research opportunities

https://www.bumc.bu.edu/medstudentresearch/getting-involved-in-research/research-opportunities/

Research Opportunities

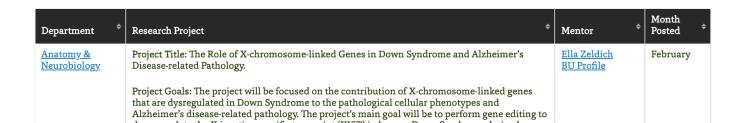
The searchable and sortable table below provides the current research projects from our BU Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine faculty/mentor members. Interested medical students are encouraged to directly contact the mentors listed for more information. Additional tips for finding and contacting mentors: <u>How to find a mentor</u>

Please type inside the search table below the disease, the specific project grant name, name of faculty/mentor or any other keywords to find more information about research projects available for medical students.

These are the current NIH research project grants: Boston Medical Center and BU School of Medicine.

Additional list of clinical department grants: <u>Clinical department grants</u>





NIH projects (BU and BMC)

Put it all together

- Are the research projects interesting?
- Potential resources to support the research?

(research costs \Rightarrow project supplies, publication charges, conferences)

- Is the mentor experienced? Mentor committed to my development (examples from prior mentees)
- Read the abstracts...ideas of papers to be able to discuss at interview (shows interest, motivation, questions)
- Most faculty want to know what you will be able to contribute to the team. This is an interview process.
 If the mentor invests in you, will you help the team advance the science?

Tips for contacting faculty

https://www.bumc.bu.edu/medstudentresearch/contacting-faculty-about-research/

It is important to prepare before contacting faculty about potential research opportunities. Below are a few tips to help the process go smoothly.

1. Update your CV	+
2. Write the email	+
3. Now you wait	+
4. Prepare to meet in person	+
5. After the meeting	+
6. Next steps	+

Upcoming events

- All posted in the Student Affairs Friday Bulletin ightarrow Research Hub
- Research lunches with faculty....more info and signup to come Oct 17, Oct 27, Oct 30 Nov 2, Nov 8
- Meeting on applying to the LEADS Research track & MSSRP

Questions & Contact

Matthew Layne, PhD Assistant Dean for Research mdresrch@bu.edu