

Navigating Health Literacy in Pediatric Sickle Cell Disease

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October 22, 2012 Health Literacy Research Conference







- Inherited autosomal recessive disease of the red blood cell (RBC)
- RBC are sickle shaped and unable to transport oxygen effectively
- Complications include anemia, pain episodes, infections, stroke, and end organ damage



Sickle Cell Disease



- 90,000 100,000 individuals in US
- Most prevalent among those of sub-Saharan Africa, Mediterranean, Saudi Arabian and Latin American descent.

Rationale for Assessing Health Literacy among Sickle Cell Population



- Chronic condition that predominantly affects
 underserved children
- Poor adherence to care
- Translational gap between scientific advances and health outcomes

Raphael JL, Kavanagh KL, Wang CJ, Mueller Bu, Zuckerman B. Translating scientific advances to improvedoutcomes for children with sickle cell disease: a timely opportunity. *Pediatric Blood Cancer*. 2011:56(7):1005-8.



Research to Date



Understanding Health Literacy within Sickle Cell Disease



Parental Factors Associated with Child Health Care Utilization

- Site: Texas Children's Hospital
- Objective: Determine parental factors associated with pediatric utilization in cross sectional study
- Population: 150 caregivers of children with SCD
- Administration of Test of Functional Health Literacy in Adults (TOFHLA)

Parental Factors Associated with Child Health Care Utilization

- Mean score 34.8, range 26-36
- All parents met criteria for functional health literacy (score ≥ 23)
- Findings likely represent limitations of TOFHLA in pediatrics
- No associations between parental health literacy and health care use





Health Literacy of Young Adults with Sickle Cell Disease

- Site: Cincinnati Children's Hospital
- Objective: Identify health literacy skills of adolescents and young adults with SCD
- Population: 37 adolescents with SCD, ages 14-22
- Administration of Rapid Estimate of Adolescent Literacy in Medicine (REALM-Teen) and demographic survey

Shook M. A Pilot Study of the Health Literacy of Adolescents and Young Adults with Sickle Cell Disease. Abstract # 266546. *American Public Health Association Meeting*. October 2012.

Texas Children's Hospital[®]

Health Literacy of Young Adults with Sickle Cell Disease

- 48% scored 6-7th grade
- 20% scored 10th grade or above
- 8% scored less than third grade



Health Literacy of Young Adults with Sickle Cell Disease

- Confidence in understanding medical information 12% always, 52% usually, 36% half the time
- Confidence in understanding directions on prescriptions
 62% always, 20% usually, 18% half the time



Patient Navigation



An Intervention to Improve Health Literacy



Patient Navigation



- Theoretical and conceptual roots in cancer care
- Barrier driven intervention to improve care for minority and underserved populations
- Patient navigators provide individualized assistance to patients

Freeman HP. A model patient navigation program. Oncol Issues 2004;19:44-6.

Dohan D, Schrag D. Using navigators to improve care of underserved patients: current practices and approaches. *Cancer* .2005;104:848-55.

Evidence Base for Patient Navigation



- Timeliness of definitive diagnosis
- Timeliness to initiation of therapy
- Patient satisfaction
- Quality of Life

Wells KJ, Battaglia TA, Dudley DJ, et al. Patient navigation: state of the art or is it science? *Cancer* 2008;113:1999-2010.

Policy Implications of Patient Navigation



- Innovative approach to health disparities
- Interactive intervention to address health literacy
- Potentially cost-effective strategy



Information-Motivation-Behavioral Skills (IMB) Model



A Conceptual Model for Patient Navigation



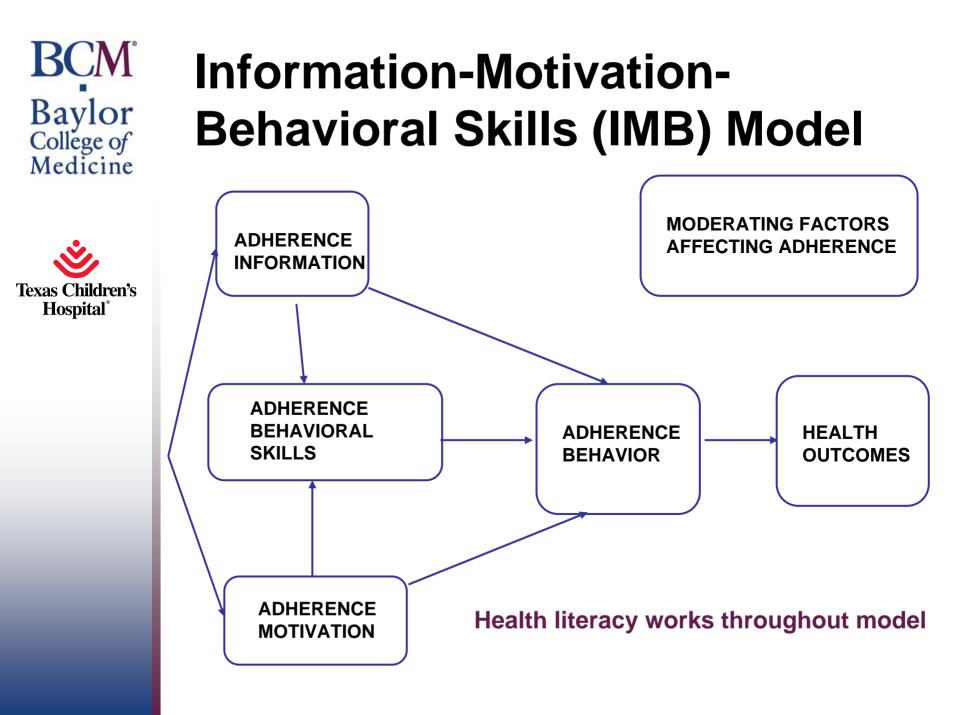
IMB Model



- Information, motivation, and behavioral skills are determinants of health-related behaviors
- Validated with a number of behaviors including medication adherence, high risk adolescent behavior, physical activity, and nutritional intake

Fisher JD, Fisher WA, Amico KR, et al. An information-motivation-behavioral skills model of adherence to antiretroviral therapy. Health Psychol 2006:25(4):462-473.

Kelly S, Melnyk BM, Belyea M. Predicting physical activity and fruit and vegetable intake in adolescents: a test of the information, motivation, behavioral skills model. Res Nurs Health 2012:35(2):146-163.





Designing a Patient Navigator Intervention



A Research Plan for Sickle Cell Disease





Specific Aim 1

- Assess in a longitudinal study the relationships between IMB measures, health literacy, and health resource utilization
- Hypothesis: Low scores on IMB measures and health literacy will be associated with increased emergency care visits and hospitalizations



Specific Aim 2



 Develop a 6-month parent navigator program for parents of school-age children with SCD informed by parent focus groups, an expert panel, and quantitative data from Specific Aim 1





Specific Aim 3

- Test the feasibility of a 6-month pilot parent navigator program on health outcomes including utilization, IMB measures, and health literacy
- Hypothesis- Parents who complete the navigator program will increase scores on IMB measures and health literacy



Conclusions



- Children with sickle cell disease represent a high-cost, resource intensive, and underserved group of children
- Research demonstrates that health literacy needs to be addressed
- Patient navigation represents a novel approach to health literacy among minority and underserved populations

