



Stimulants: Cocaine and Methamphetamine

CRIT program - May 2013

Alex Walley, MD, MSc Assistant Professor of Medicine



Learning objectives

At the end of this session, participants will be able to:

- 1. Understand how and why people use stimulants
- 2. Know the characteristics of stimulant intoxication and withdrawal syndromes
- 3. Understand the consequences of these drugs
- 4. Know the current options for treatment of stimulant dependence

History: Cocaine

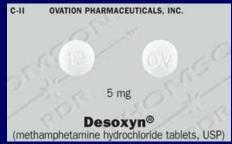
COCAINE
TOOTHACHE DROPS
Instantaneous cure!
PRICE 15 CENTIS.
PRINTED AND MANUFACTURING CO.
THE HERICANE, ALBANY 18.
For sale by all Druggists.
Observed Match 1880. See other 18.

- From erythroxylon coca leaves in Andes
- Leaves chewed for thousands of years as stimulant
- 1884 Freud published, *Uber Coca*, describing cocaine's effects on Freud and its potential to treat opiate addiction
- 1885 Halsted published study about anesthetic uses
- 1886 Halsted raided ship medicine cabinet for fix
- Used in medicines and beverages until early 1900s
- Street preparations 10-50% cocaine
 - Hydrochloride powder is snorted or injected
 - Alkaline rocks (aka crack) are smoked
 - Crack, Rock, Base



History: Methamphetamine

- 1893 methamphetamine first synthesized in Japan as decongestant
- Used by German, English, American, and Japanese military in WWII for performance enhancement.
- First epidemic occurred in Japan when the military dumped large quantities into the civilian market
- Popular among truckers and west coast bikers in 1970s
- DESOXYN to treat ADHD and obesity
- Speed, Crystal, Crank, Ice, Meth, Tina





THE STAFFITCHMENT. ABOVES TANK, MENN, TOTAL STAFF, MENN, Extent of relative vibrate abstractions, under the experimental school of the experiment of the exp

the selectiving factor is reventing.

**AMALIEK DEVIANT ACTOR REPRESENT. IT IS CONmany agend that delease presention, uniforms for collemany agend that delease present on experiment on the
many agend that delease present on a separation on the
attention of the control of the control of the control
and the control of the control of the control
and the control of the control
and the control of the control
and the control
and

PROPERTY OPEN AND A STATE OF THE BASES OF DESCRIPTION AND A STATE OF THE BASES OF DESCRIPTION AND A STATE OF THE BASES OF THE STATE OF

where the substantaneous critic manufactory with a Chally, the mind manufactory of the grant process of Chally, the mind manufactory of the figure that the comment of the

Numbers 09

OPPERT BY DIDAY (DOS). DEFENDANT STATES

Demany: Mythochiseries a submission for seal demonstrates.

Demany: Mythochiseries a submission for seal demonstrates.

In the specialists of involvage on the seal of degreevalences, edge, or the antiquages is further, a seal of

submission of seal of the submission of the seal of

And there are desiry with groundly the agraphing of

submission of the seal of the seal of the seal of

Personal or made to the seal of the seal of

Personal or made to the seal of

Personal

WINCAYLUNE DESCRIP HEADENCETTAthe and Electrocked be used with newton in
the decementation downer between descriptions
of a present advanced and a present and a present advanced and a
decementation of a present and a present and a
decementation of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present and a
decementation of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present and a
decement of the decement and a present a
decement of the decement and a
decement of the decement of

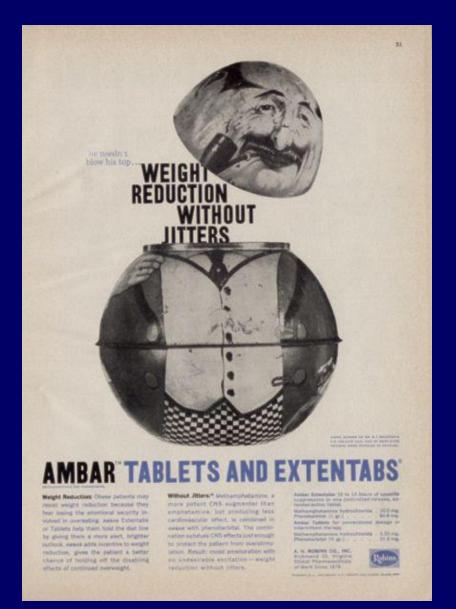
BLOOD FRESHTER, FIRST RATE AND RIGHTSATIONY into small) are only slightly or temperately offered, unloss and fines corrolling 10 to 10 mg, daily are taken.

and stone convening. It is no age, date, are water.

First EARSCHIERAL ADMINISTRATION OF DEPORTMENT
Existralization in sequence for making and standarding tool promotion position of promotions. Designation of the control promotion and control promotion and control promotion of the control promot

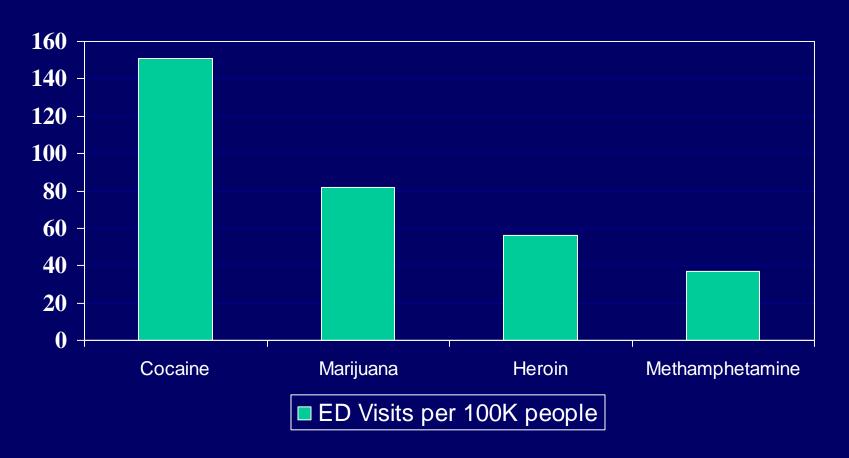
or the accommone per empoyal calls.

TOCAREANTS COT DEVEXATES, WICES THE DESCO in not called committee the tribe save of the west, state domined makes an once in one as the decision of control of the control
or makes an once in one as the size of the decision of control
or makes the period of the control of the control or significalled the control of the accommon that protecting one of the cities in successful of the control of the c

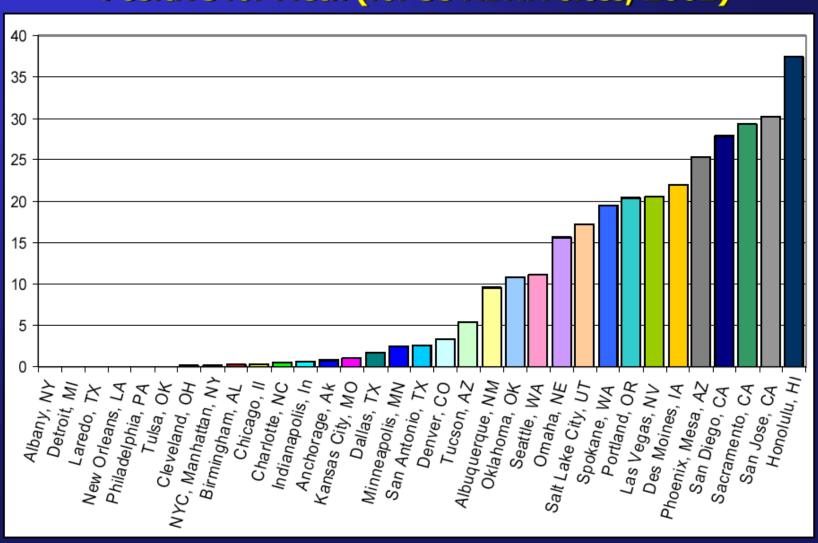


Epidemiology

2005 drug-related ED visits



Percent Male Arrestees Testing Positive for Meth (for 33 ADAM sites, 2001)



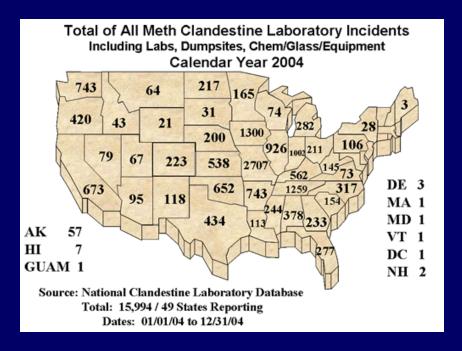
From where do these drugs come?

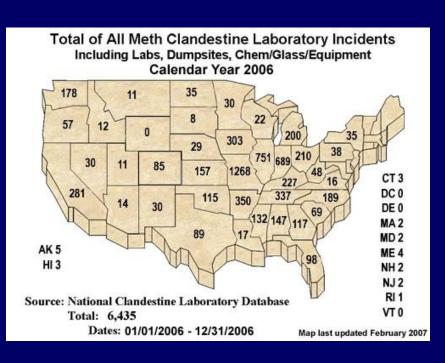
- Methamphetamine
 - Super labs Primarily Mexico and California
 - Local clandestine labs 1 pound of MA creates 6 pounds of toxic waste
 - Holton WC. Unlawful lab leftovers. Environ Health Perspect. 2001;109:A576
- Cocaine -
 - 75% grown in Colombia with75% via Mexico/ Central America



CRIT/FIT 2013

Clandestine lab incidents

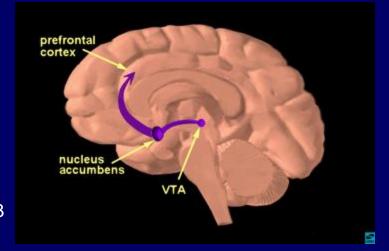




Stimulant Effects

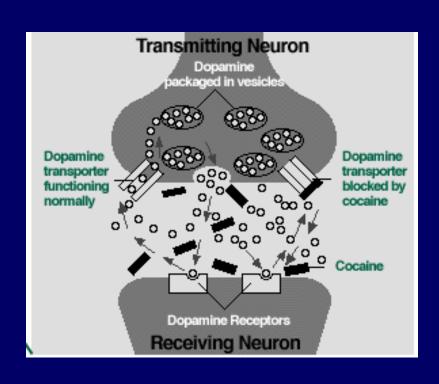
Why do people use stimulants?

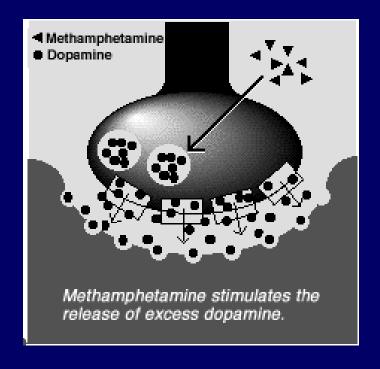
- Euphoria Rush
 - Onset and intensity depends on delivery method
- Increased energy, alertness, libido
- Diminished social inhibition
- Decreased appetite



Cocaine

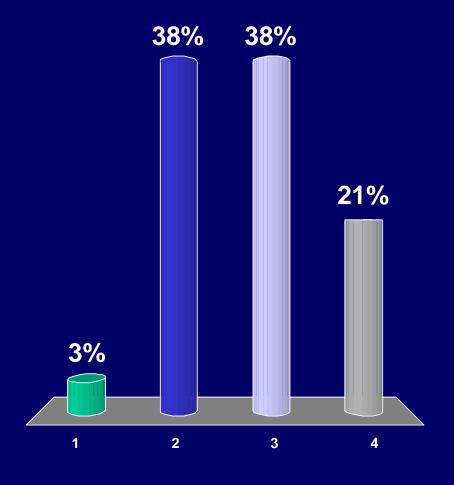
Methamphetamine





Which statement is true about stimulants?

- Methamphetamine is only used intravenously or smoked
- 2. Methamphetamine has a longer half-life than cocaine
- 3. Intravenous injection results in the fastest onset of action
- 4. Cocaine's peakconcentration occurs in about1 hour



PK: Cocaine

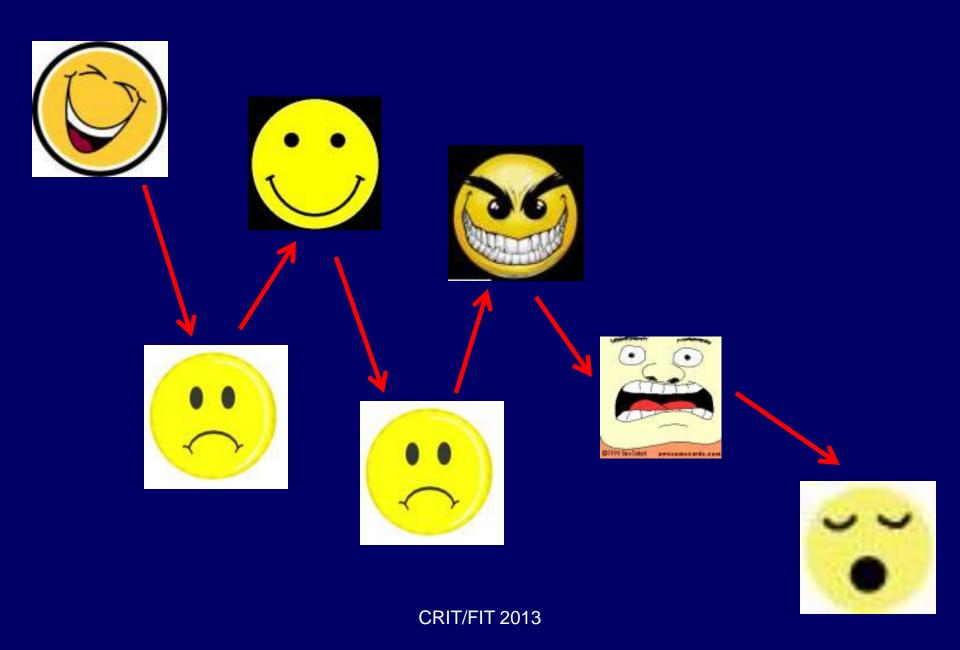
	IV	Smoked	Snorted
Time to effect	10-60sec	3-5sec	1-5min
Peak concent.	3-5min	1-3min	15-20min
Half-life	20-60min	5-15min	60-90min

Lange, R. A. and L. D. Hillis (2001). "Cardiovascular complications of cocaine use." N Engl J Med 345(5): 351-8.

PK: Methamphetamine

	IV	Smoked	Snorted	Ingested
Time to effect	15-30 sec	Immediate	3-5 min	15-20 min
Peak concent.	2-4 h	2-4 h	2-4 h	2-4 h
Half-life	10-12 h	10-12 h	10-12 h	10-12 h

CRIT/FIT 2013



Binges

- 2-3 day binges are typical, called runs
- Regular re-dosing to maintain rush or high in setting of acute tolerance
- Ends when drug or money runs out, or paranoia/ disorganized thinking sets in



Acute Toxicity



- Elevated BP and HR
- Arrythmia
- Vasoconstriction
- Hyperthermia

- Agitation
- Rhabdomyolysis
- Seizure

- Acute psychosis → prolonged psychosis
 - -Paranoid delusions
 - -Visual, sensory, and auditory hallucinations (ie formications)

CRIT/FIT 2013

Intoxication Treatment

- Minimize sensory stimulation
- Neuroleptics (ie haldol) for agitation
- Benzos to control seizures
- Treat hyperthermia (external cooling)
- For increased BP+HR, use vasodilators and CCB or non-selective beta-blockers

Is there stimulant withdrawal?

- Intense craving
- Depression
- Fatigue
- Unpleasant dreams
- Hypersomnia, then insomnia
- Increased appetite
- Limited ability to experience pleasure
- >> All results of relative dopamine depletion

Health Consequences

Dental

- Darkened teeth
- Caries
- Periodontal disease

Pulmonary

- Acute pulmonary edema
- Pulmonary HTN
- Inhalation injury

Cardiovascular

- Hypertension
- DCM
- Arrythmia/ Tachycardia
- Acute Coronary Syndrome
- Aneurysm/ dissection
- Erectile dysfunction

Infectious

- HIV risk
- HCV/ HBV
- STDs



Neuro-psychiatric

- Stroke
- Seizure
- Depression
- Anxiety
- Mania
- Impulsivity
- Paranoia
- Auditory/ visual hallucinations + formications
- Violence

Renal/Metabolic

- Rhabdomyolisis
- Dehydration
- Acute Renal Failure
- Acidosis
- Hyperthermia

Skin

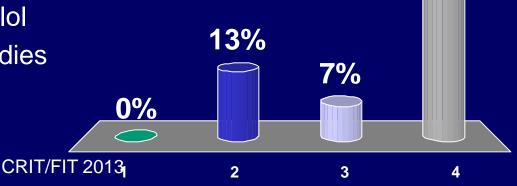
- Cellulitis/ abscess
- Excoriations
- Chemical burns

AHA 2008 Scientific Statement on cocaine chest pain and MI

- Class I: Benefit >>> Risk
 - Benzodiazepines (Level B)
 - ASA (Level C)
 - NTG (Level B)
- Class IIb: Benefit ≥ Risk
 - CCB (Level C)
 - Phentolamine (Level C)
- Class III: Risk ≥ Benefit
 - Beta-blockers (Level C)

Studies of the treatment for cocainerelated unstable angina with betablockers...

- include randomized controlled trials that demonstrate that they save lives
- include randomized controlled trials that demonstrate that they cause harm
- include catheter studies in humans that show improved vasospasm with propanolol
- 4. include observational studies that show no increased adverse events among people receiving betablockers in the ED



80%

Beta-Blockers in Cocaine Chest Pain

331 patients with chest pain and cocaine-positive urine test results admitted to San Francisco General Hospital between 2001-05

- 151 patients received a beta-blocker in ED
 - 85% received metoprolol
- During the hospitalization
 - SBP decreased more in ED beta-block group
 - No differences in ECG results, troponin levels, intubation rates, vasopressor use, malignant ventricular arrhythmia rates, or death were found.
- 45 deaths over a median follow-up of 972 days
 - Discharge on a beta-blocker regimen was associated with a lower risk of cardiovascular-specific death but not all-cause mortality

Rangel C, Shu RG, Lazar LD, et al. <u>Beta-blockers for chest pain associated with recent cocaine use.</u> *Arch Intern Med.* 2010;170(10):874–9.

CRIT/FIT 2013

Cocaethylene

- Psychoactive substrate from EtOH+cocaine
- ETOH commonly used as "landing gear"
- ETOH before cocaine inhibits cocaine metabolism, producing cocaethylene
- 60-90% of cocaine abusers abuse ETOH
- Greater cardiac toxicity
- Greater rates of seizures, hepatic damage

Treatment

Pharmacologic Treatment

- Antipsychotics
 - Amato. Cochr Database Syst Rev. 2007 Jul 18;(3):
- Anticonvulsants GABA modulators
 - Carbamazepine, Phenytoin, Valproic Acid, Tigabine, Gabapentin,
 Lamotrigine Alvarez. JSAT 2010: 38; 66-73.
 - Baclofen Heinzerling. Drug Alcohol Depend. 2006 Dec 1;85(3):177-84.
 - Vigabatrin (GVG) Brodie. Am J Psychiatry. 2009;166:1269-77.
- Stimulant replacement
 - Modafinil Shearer. Addiction. 2009 Feb;104(2):224-33.
 - Dexamphetamine Longo. Addiction 2009, 105, 146–154
- Vaccine
 - Martell. Arch Gen Psychiatry. 2009 Oct;66(10):1116-23.
- Disulfiram Pani. Cochr Database Syst Rev. 2010 Jan 20;(1):

CRIT/FIT 2013

Non-Pharma Treatment

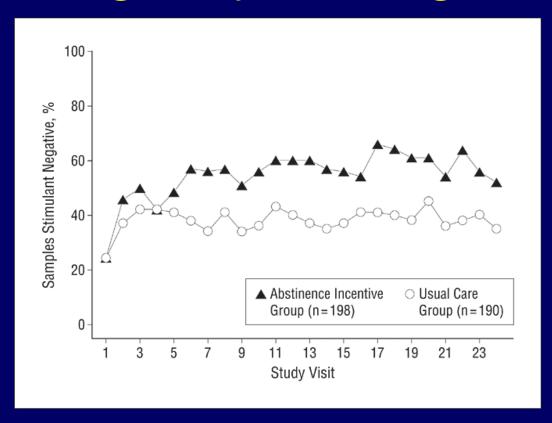
- Brief Intervention?
 - Bernstein et al. DAD 2005; 77: 49.
- Cognitive behavioral therapy
- Self-help/ 12 step groups
- Residential Treatment
- Contingency management

Contingency Management

RCT in 6 community methadone programs of CM among stimulant users

- Usual Care vs.
- Intermittent, escalating re-enforcement
 - 1000 chips
 - 500 "Good job"
 - 250 "Small" \$1 value i.e. toiletries
 - 209 "Large" \$20 value i.e. kitchenware
 - 1 "Jumbo" \$80-100 value tv, stereo
 - # of draws = # of weeks with clean urine

Contingency Management



The mean percentage of submitted samples testing negative for target drugs (stimulants and alcohol) is shown for abstinence incentive and usual care participants at each of 24 study visits.

Average cost = \$1,46 per person/day

What should we do with our stimulant-using patients?

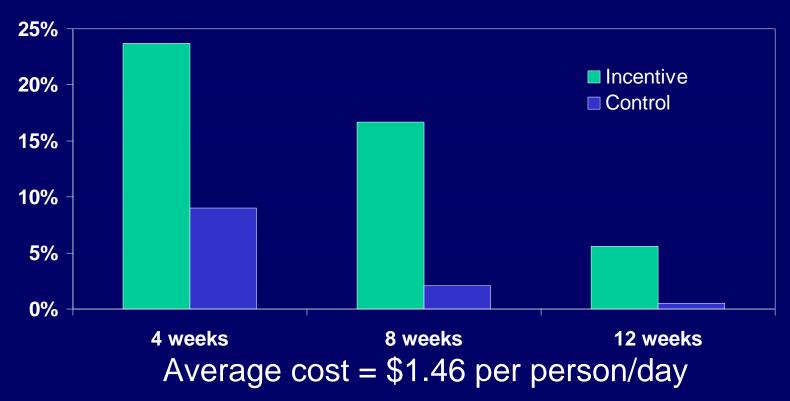
- For both inpatients and outpatients
 - Ask about medical complications, overdose
 - Harm reduction safer use techniques
 - Motivational interviewing to develop a decisional balance that favors safer use, quitting and engaging in available treatment
- Consider contingency management strategies

Thanks!

Alex Walley, MD, MSc awalley@bu.edu

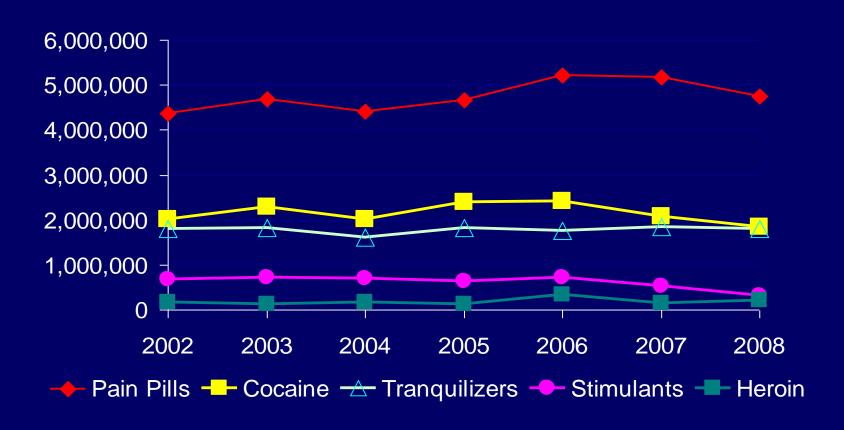
Contingency Management

Methadone Maintenance Patients With Specified Weeks of Continuous Stimulant/Alcohol-Negative Samples (n=388)



CRITमिंभाक et al. Arch Gen Psychiatry. 2006;63:201-208.

Past Month Use: 2002-2008



2007 ACC/AHA guidelines UA/ NSTEMI in cocaine and methamphetamine

- Class I: Benefit >>> Risk
 - For STE or STD: NTG and CCB
 - For persistent STE: Cath with PCI or lytics
- Class IIa: Benefit > Risk
 - Chest pain w/o ST changes: NTG and CCBs
 - STD or new TW changes: Cath
- Class IIb: Benefit ≥ Risk
 - Increased HR or BP: Mixed alpha/beta blocker after vasodilator
- Class III: Risk ≥ Benefit
 - No ST changes: Cath

Note: Level of evidence is C "expert opinion" for all recommendations

CRIT/FIT 2013

JACC 2007: 50(7) e1-157.

Pharmacologic Treatment

- Pharmacologic treatments studied
 - Dopamine agonists
 - Antidepressants
 - Opioid partial agonists and antagonist
 - Carbamazepine, phenytoin, lithium
 - None proven effective

5 things about stimulants

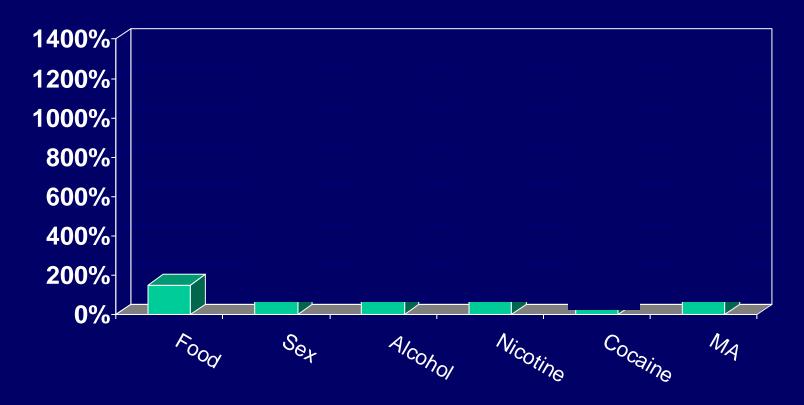
- 1. Easily available
- 2. Directly activate the mesolimbic pleasure center
- 3. Binge use often ends with dysphoria or lack of funds
- 4. Social and medical consequences
- 5. Treatment can work if you can find it

Learning objectives

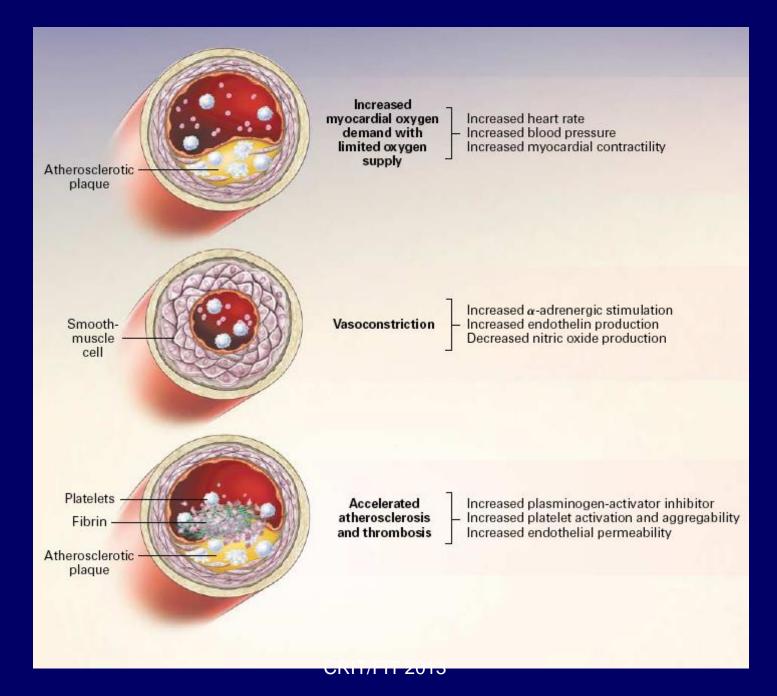
At the end of this session, participants will be able to:

- 1. Understand how and why people use stimulants
- 2. Know the characteristics of stimulant intoxication and withdrawal syndromes
- 3. Understand the consequences of these drugs
- 4. Know the current options for treatment of stimulant dependence

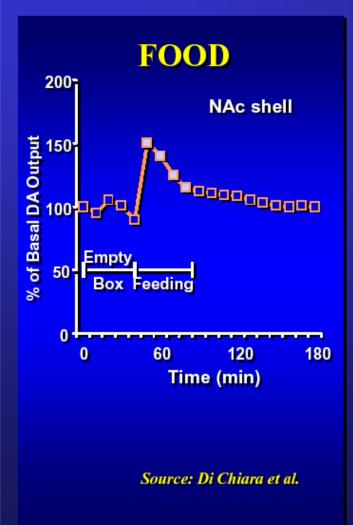
Dopamine release: nucleus accumbens

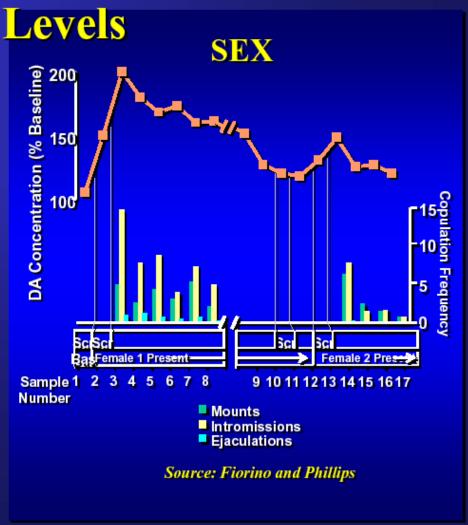


■ % basal dopamine in rat/ mouse NA after...

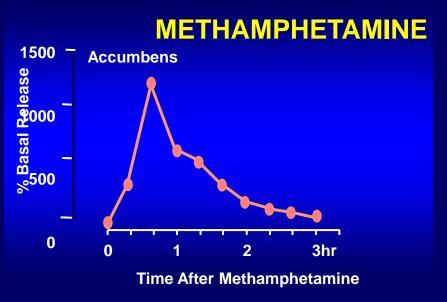


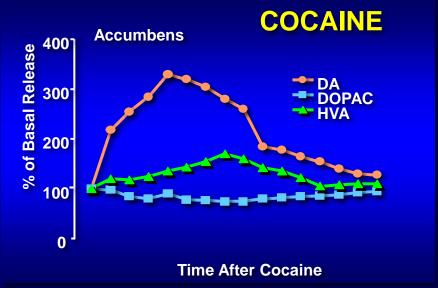
Natural Rewards Elevate Dopamine

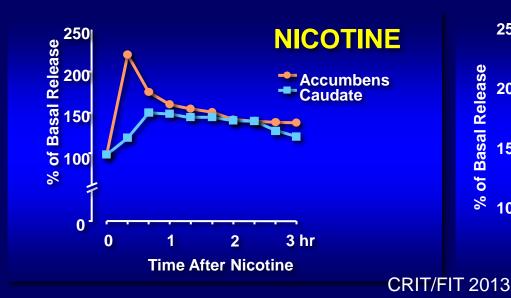


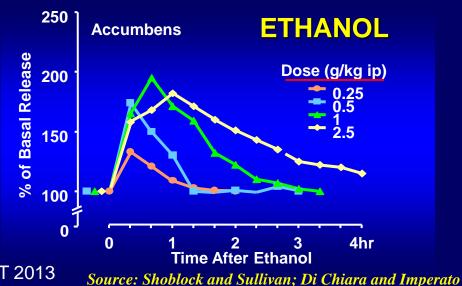


Effects of Drugs on Dopamine Release









Slide from Richard Rawson

According to the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA), crystal methamphetamine (meth) is the number one drug in rural America. And now, the crystal meth epidemic is spreading like wildfire in cities and suburbs across America. Crystal meth has become the new drug of choice for everyone from soccer moms to working moms. Even grade school students are being caught in its deadly grip.

Meth is cheap and easy to make. The recipe includes over-the-counter cold medicine, household cleaners and toxic chemicals like battery acid. This drug crisis has forced many store owners to put cold remedies under lock and key. Thousands of homemade meth labs are popping up in kitchens, garages, even inside cars. In one Iowa town officials were forced to ban children from bringing baked goods to school because so many parents are cooking meth with the same utensils.

It's cheap, instantly addictive, often deadly—and it's probably already in your neighborhood.

Will She Choose Life or Death? **An Oprah Winfrey Show Intervention**May 13, 2005

Chantel looks like an all-American 17-yearold girl. Her mother is a teacher's assistant and her father sells insurance. She works at an espresso shop. But she's addicted to crystal meth. Chantel and her family live outside Granite Falls, Washington.



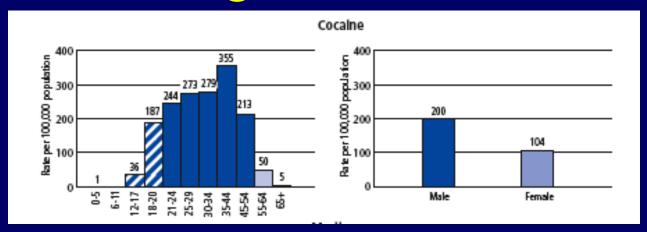
She says she's been addicted to meth for a year and a half, after being introduced by friends, and she says she was instantly hooked from the very first hit. Since that time, she says the longest she's gone without using meth was 40 days. In that time, Chantel says, "I was having a ball. I was going to church to see if that was the way for me. I was having fun, hanging out with sober people. And then it was just in front of me one night and I did it and I was hooked again."

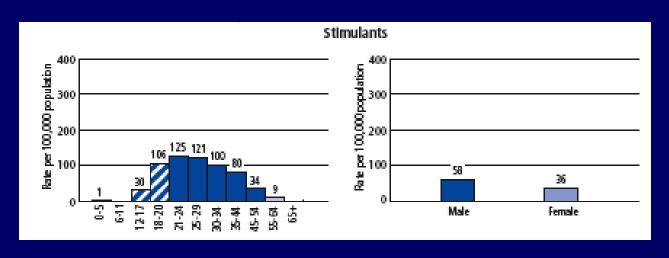
On one occasion, Chantel says she stayed up for 13 straight days, getting high every 20 minutes. "Meth makes you have this burst of energy," she explains. "And if you keep smoking it, you'll keep that energy burst." Was she worried about overdosing during that two-week binge? "You don't worry about anything," Chantel says. "You don't have any thought in your mind besides, 'Let's hit it again."

Pregnancy

- More common in stimulant users:
 - Mental illness, seizure, injury, hypertension
 - Premature membrane rupture and labor, placenta previa, placental abruption, intrauterine death
- 1998-2004
 - Cocaine-related hosp decreased: 0.74>>0.41 per 100
 - MA-related hosp increased: 0.11>>0.22 per 100
- Cocaine vs. MA related pregnancy
 - More common for cocaine: mental illness, poor fetal growth, and premature delivery
 - More common for MA: hypertension, placenta previa

2005 drug-related ED visits





Cardiomyopathy and Methamphetamine

- In a case-control study, researchers examined the association between methamphetamine use and cardiomyopathy (CM).
- Subjects included patients aged 45 years or younger discharged from a tertiary care medical center in Honolulu.
- Through medical record review, researchers identified...
 - 107 cases (had a discharge diagnosis of CM or congestive heart failure) and
 - 114 controls (ejection fraction ≥55% and no wall motion abnormalities).

CRIT/FIT 2018 O K-K, et al. Am J Med. 2007;120(2):165–171.

Cardiomyopathy and Methamphetamine

- 42% of cases and 20% of controls had ever used methamphetamine.
- Methamphetamine use was significantly more common in cases than in controls.
- OR in analyses adjusted for age, body mass index, and renal failure, 3.7

"No lies here folks this recipe will manufacture methamphetamine this will get you into trouble if you do this BE CAREFUL!" First of all let's talk about supplies:

- 1 Case Regular Pint size Mason Jars (Used for canning)
- 2 Boxes Contact 12 hour time released tablets.
- 3 Bottles of Heet.
- 4 feet of surgical tubing.
- 1 Bottle of Rubbing Alcohol.
- 1 Gallon Muriatic Acid (Used for cleaning concrete)
- 1 Gallon of Coleman's Fuel
- 1 Gallon of Aceton
- 1 Pack of Coffee Filters
- 1 Electric Skillet

4 Bottles Iodine Tincture 2%

- 2 Bottles of Hydrogen peroxide
- 3 20 0z Coke Bottles (Plastic type)(with Lids/caps)
- 1 Can Red Devils Lye
- 1 Pair of sharp scissors
 - 4 Boxes Book Matches (try to get the ones with brown/red striker pads)
- 1 pyrodex baking dish
- 1 Box execto razor blades single sided
- 1 digital scale that reads grams
- 2 gallons distilled water
- 1 Roll Aluminum foil tape

"That's what you would have to go buy if you wanted to make meth."

CRIT/FIT 2013

Treating Methamphetamine Dependence Reduces Risk for HIV

Rawson RA, et al. *J Subst Abuse Treat.* 2008;35(3):279–284. Summary by David A. Fiellin, MD

Objectives/Methods

- 787 methamphetamine- dependent individuals who received 1 of 2 counseling strategies:
 - 16 weeks of a standardized psychosocial protocol (Matrix Model), or
 - 8–16 weeks of treatment-as-usual representing
 8 diverse treatment approaches
- Both approaches focused on drug use, not HIV risk

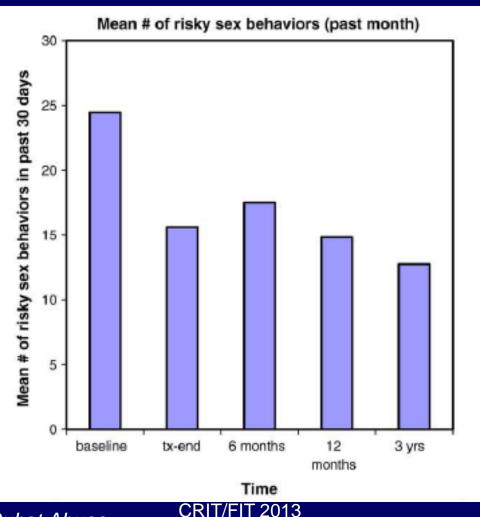
Results

- The proportion of the sample who reported injecting methamphetamine within the previous 30 days declined significantly (14.6% to 5.4%) from baseline to discharge
- High-risk sexual activity also decreased:

	Baseline	Discharge
Mean times participants reported having sex without a condom	14.7	13.2
Mean times participants reported having sex without a condom with a methamphetamine user	2.3	1.4
Mean times participants reported having sex without a condom with an injection drug user	6.5	1.4
Mean times participants reported having sex while high	9.1	4.9

 There were significant associations between treatment retention and HIV risk outcomes

Results – long term follow-up



N=569

Rawson RA, et al. *J Subst Abuse Treat.* 2008;35(3):279–284.

Comments

- This study demonstrates the benefit of counseling for patients with methamphetamine dependence.
- Treatment was associated with decreased methamphetamine use and decreased risk for HIV infection.
- The association between treatment retention and reduced HIV risk supports the implementation of programs that reduce barriers for treatment entry and retention.

Cocaine and HIV

- Crack cocaine use is associated
 - increased number of sex partners
 - sex work
 - HIV infection, independent of IVD use
- IV cocaine leads to HIV through frequent injection Chaisson. JAMA. 1989 Jan 27;261(4):561-5.

MA and HIV

- Increased libido, social disinhibition, increased energy >> riskier sex behaviors
- PDE5 inhibitors (sildenafil) can be used to mitigate MA-induced erectile dysfunction

Methamphetamine and Trauma

To assess the prevalence and impact of methamphetamine use (MU) in trauma patients, researchers surveyed the records of...

- 4932 patients who presented to
 - San Diego trauma center between 2003–2005
 - urine toxicology screening during their visit

Results

- The rate of MU (defined as a positive urine screen), but not other illicit drug use, increased from 2003 to 2005 (from 9% to 15%).
- In adjusted analyses, patients with MU were more likely to have...
 - been injured in a violent way (OR, 2.0),
 - attempted suicide (OR, 1.7),
 - been a victim of domestic violence (OR, 2.5),
 - required more medical care (e.g., ≥1 operations [OR, 1.5], mechanical ventilation [OR, 1.6]), and
 - died from their injuries (OR, 2.3).

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy

16 week RCT of cocaine-dependent methadone patients of:

CBT vs. CM vs. CBT+CM vs. TAU

30 patients per group

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy

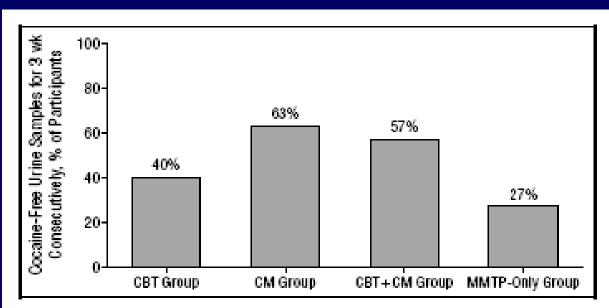


Figure 5. Percentage of patients achieving 3 consecutive weeks of cocaine-free urine samples by group (χ^2_3 =9.9; P=.02). CBT indicates cognitive-behavioral therapy; CM, contingency management; and MMTP, methadone maintenance treatment program.

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy

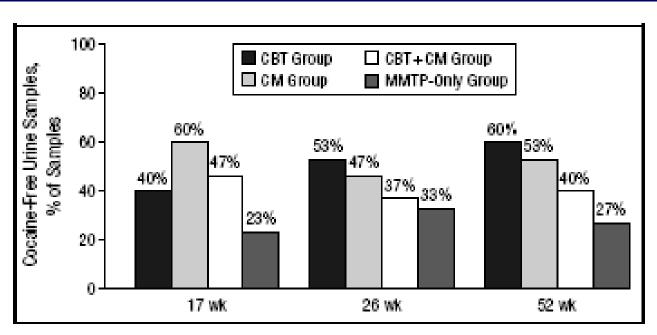


Figure 6. Percentage of 30 possible cocaine-free urine samples at the 17-week, 26-week, and 52-week follow-up points. CBT indicates cognitive-behavioral therapy; CM, contingency management; and MMTP, methadone maintenance treatment program.

Why do people use drugs?

- 1. To feel good
- 2. To feel better

Cocaine and heroin

- 30-80% of heroin users use cocaine
- Cocaine use results in more injections
- Cocaine worsens opiate treatment success
- For 50% of co-users, MMT reduces cocaine

Leri F. Addiction 2003: 98, 7-22.